ANNUAL VEHICLE INSPECTION REPORT

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ADDRESS 0	Coe in th			S THE QUALIFICATION F	REQUIREMENTS IN SECTION 396.19.
CITY, STATE, ZIP		sve Je,			
T 1 4 4 7 4 7 4 8 7 4 8 7 4	Clucaso IC GOG	SP	343153	2 KXPS10	LIC. PLATE NO. WIN OTHER
VEHICLE TYPE			INSPECTION AGENCY/LC	DCATION (OPTIONAL)	(007
the man part down to be	CODE Clucago, /C GOG TRACTOR GTRAILER TRUCK (OTHER)		Constant Constants		
		and the second se	NENTS INSPECT	ED	
OK NEEDS REPAIRED DATE	ITEM	OK REPAIR REPAIRED	ITEM	OK NEEDS REPAIR DATE	
UNIT DATE	1. BRAKE SYSTEM		ELOADING	OTC REPAIR DATE	12. WINDSHIELD GLAZING
4	a. Service Brakes		ehicle parts, load,		No cracks, discoloration,
9	b. Parking Brake System		unnage, spare tire, et	c.,	obstacles, etc. (see 393.60 for
U	c. Brake Drums or Rotors		ecured.		exceptions).
4	d. Brake Hose		ront End Structure		13. WINDSHIELD WIPERS
U	e. Brake Tubing		termodal Container		No missing, damaged, or inoperable wipers.
	f. Low Pressure Warning Device		ecurement Devices ERING MECHANISM		14. MOTORCOACH SEATS
	g. Tractor Protection Valve		teering Wheel Free P	the second	Seats securely fastened to the
	h. Air Compressor		teering Column	lay	vehicle structure.
	i. Electric Brakes		ront Axle Beam/All		15. REAR IMPACT GUARD
	j. Hydraulic Brakes		ther Steering Compor	nents	In place, securely attached,
The second strengther	k. Vacuum Systems		teering Gear Box	4	proper size, proper placement
4	I. Antilock Brake System		itman Arm	and <mark>Area him a</mark> const	(see 393.86). 16. OTHER
0	m. Automatic Brake Adjusters	f. P	ower Steering	and the second	List any other condition(s)
	2. COUPLING DEVICES	g. B	all and Socket Joints		which may prevent safe
	a. Fifth Wheels	h. T	e Rods and Drag Lin	ks	operation of this vehicle.
4	b. Pintle Hooks	i. N	uts		and Article and Antonio Contraction States and an and a second states of the second states of the second states
	c. Drawbar/Towbar Eye	j. S	teering System	internet for a second	no provide a substant de ser provide da ser se ser ser ser ser ser ser ser ser
1	d. Drawbar/Towbar Tongue e. Safety Devices		PENSION	adate and a street	n genetikan
	f. Saddle-Mounts		xle Positioning Parts	the second second	
	3. EXHAUST SYSTEM		pring Assembly	A Provide the second second	an a
	a. No leaks forward of/		orque, Radius or Trac	cking	
	directly below the driver/	9. FRA	omponents	Constant and the second s	A
	sleeper compartment.		rame Members		ASC
	 Bus: No leaking/ discharging in violation of 	11	re and Wheel Cleara		1103
	standard.		djustable Axle		en ante gausse et in strate under mensen stren, maarde in
	c. Unlikely to burn, char,		ssemblies (Sliding	National States	 Berlinking (P²/2006) and evening and evention to the state of the second secon
6	or damage the electrical	S	ubframes)		interestion and the second sec
The second s	wiring, fuel supply, or any combustible part of vehicle.	10. TIRE		and the second	<u>ertanan (heimi este de carenter en balto de la ba</u> rna) bio dell'i por cabal d'attabal d'en trans
	4. FUEL SYSTEM	50	teer-Axle Tires	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	 Line and Line and
	a. No visible leak.		Other Tiree	a manufacture de la companya de la c	
	b. Fuel Tank Filler Cap		ELS AND RIMS	internet and the	and a state more than the product of the state of the sta
6	 c. Fuel tank securely attached. 	and the second data	ock or Side Ring	tion to a store the store	Ruspat iller plan in the set attest iter
	5. LIGHTING DEVICES		heels and Rims	un de tra a tra a como de la como de L'attra des ser la como de la como	e a deneration en tradición la constante en starta. A o demogra el bascale tencion
	All required lights/reflectors		asteners	reputer a serve de la course la superior	na india mana any amin'ny amin' Ny INSEE dia mampiasa amin'ny am
	operable.	d. W		an and a second s	ale - mini - tuarrenden etal (en anter etal etal beregini - co 4 mateila etal - contenente del anter etal del anter etal etal del anter etal del anter etal del anter etal del
INSTRUCTION	NS: MARK COLUMN ENTRIES TO VERIFY	INSPECTION: OK,	X NEEDS REPAIR,	NA IF ITEMS D	O NOT APPLY, REPAIRED DATE

CERTIFICATION: THIS VEHICLE HAS PASSED ALL THE INSPECTION ITEMS FOR THE ANNUAL VEHICLE INSPECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH 49 CFR PART 396.

Part 396, Appendix A - Minimum Periodic Inspection Standards and reflectors required by Part 393 shall be

operable

missing.

16" 18"

po

be running)

Steering whe

b. Steering Column.

universal joint(s)

hrackets.

cylinder loose.

s or drag links.

any steering component.

8. Suspension.

broken or missing.

one main spring). (3) Coll spring broken. (4) Rubber spring missing.

rim, brake drum or frame.

suspension.

rack rods)

9. Frame a. Frame Members.

wheel assemblies.

a stud nut

(1) Any crack(s).

6. Safe Loading

a. Part(s) of vehicle or condition of loading

b. Protection Against Shifting Cargo-Any vehicle without a front-end structure or

c. Container securement devices on

intermodal equipment-All devices used to

secure an intermodal container to a chassis

bolsters, locking pins, clevises, clamps, and

a. Steering Wheel Free Play (on vehicles equipped with power steering the engine must

(1) Any absence or looseness of U-bolt(s) or

sitioning part(s). (2) Worn, faulty or obviously repair welded

(3) Steering wheel not properly secured. c. Front Axle Beam and All Steering

Any mounting bolt(s) loose or missing.
 Any crack(s) in gear box or mounting

e. Pitman Arm. Any looseness of the pitman

f. Power Steering. Auxiliary power assist

g. Ball and Socket Joints.
(1) Any movement under steering load of

(1) Loose clamp(s) or clamp bolt(s) on tie

(2) Any looseness in any threaded joint.

i. Nuts. Nut(s) loose or missing on tie rods, pitman arm, drag link, steering arm or tie rod

condition that interferes with free movement of

a. Any U-bolt(s), spring hanger(s), or other axle positioning part(s) cracked, broken, loose

or missing resulting in shifting of an axle from

displacement is normal with some suspensions

Forward or rearward operation in a straight line will cause the axle to return to alignment).

b. Spring Assembly.(1) Any leaves in a leaf spring assembly

(2) Any broken main leaf in a leaf spring assembly. (Includes assembly with more than

(5) One or more leaves displaced in a

nner that could result in contact with a tire,

(6) Broken torsion bar spring in a torsion bar

(7) Deflated air suspension, i.e., system failure, leak, etc. c. Torque, Radius or Tracking Components.

Any part of a torque, radius or tracking component assembly or any part used for

attaching the same to the vehicle frame or

xle that is cracked, loose, broken or missing

(Does not apply to loose bushings in torque or

(1) Any cracked, broken, loose, or sagging

frame member. (2) Any loose or missing fasteners including fasteners attaching functional component

such as engine, transmission, steering gear,

suspension, body parts, and fifth wheel. b. *Tire and Wheel Clearance*. Any condition,

including loading, that causes the body or frame to be in contact with a tire or any part of the

c. (1) Adjustable Axle Assemblies (Sliding Subframes). Adjustable axle assembly with

(1) With less than 4/32 inch tread when

easured at any point on a major tread groove (2) Has body ply or belt material exposed

(4) Has a cut where the ply or belt material

(5) Labeled "Not for Highway Use" or

displaying other marking which would exclude

a. Any tire on any steering axle of a power

locking pins missing or not engaged. 10. *Tires*.

through the tread or sidewall.

is exposed.

use on steering axle.

its normal position. (After a turn, lateral axle

. Steering System. Any modification or other

(2) Any motion, other than rotational, between any linkage member and its attachment point of more than 1/4 inch. h. Tie Rods and Drag Links.

Components Other Than Steering Column.

(2) Any obvious welded repair(s). d. Steering Gear Box.

arm on the steering gear output shaft.

und the

Mar

2 ¼" 2 ¼" 2 ½"

5 %

including rails or support frames, tiedown

hooks that are cracked, broken, loose, or

dunnage can fall onto the roadway.

equivalent device as required.

ssing. 7. Steering Mechanism.

68049

uch that the spare tire or any part of the load or

(6) A tube-type radial tire without radial tube

stem markings. These markings include a red band around the tube stem, the word "radial"

embossed in metal stems, or the word "radial

(7) Mixing bias and radial tires on the same

(8) Tire flap protrudes through valve slot in

(9) Regrooved tire except motor vehicles

used solely in urban or suburban service (see

(10) Boot, blowout patch or other ply repair.

(11) Weight carried exceeds tire load limit.

This includes overloaded tire resulting from low

air prossure. (12) Tire is flat or has noticeable (e.g., can be

(13) Any bus equipped with recapped or retreaded tire(s). (14) So mounted or inflated that it comes in

(2) Tire is flat or has noticeable (e.g., can be

(3) Has body ply or belt material exposed

(5) Has a cut where ply or belt material is

(6) So mounted or inflated that it comes

in contact with any part of the vehicle. (This (7) Is marked "Not for highway use" of herwise marked and having like meaning.

measured at any point on a major tread groove

c. Installation of speed-restricted tires unless

a. Lock or Side Ring. Bent, broken, cracked,

b. Wheels and rims. Cracked or broken or

Any loose, missing, broken, cracked, stripped or

(1) Any cracks in welds attaching disc wheel

(2) Any crack in welds attaching tubeless

demountable rim to adapter. (3) Any welded repair on aluminum wheel(\$)

on a steering axle. (4) Any welded repair other than disc to rim

attachment on steel disc wheel(s) mounted or

12. Windshield Glazing. (Not including a 2

inch border at the top, a 1 inch border at each side and the area below the topmost portion of the steering wheel.) Any crack, discoloration or

vision reducing matter except: (1) coloring or

tinting applied at time of manufacture; (2) any

crack not over 1/4 inch wide, if not intersected by any other crack; (3) any damaged area not

naged area

more than 3/4 inch in diameter. If not close

(4) labels, stickers, decalcomania, etc. (see

that has an inoperative wiper, or missing or

a. Any passenger seat that is not securely fastened to the vehicle structure.

Intestived 15. Rear Impact Guard a. Trailers and semiltrailers with a GVWR of 4,536 kg (10,001 lbs.) or more, manufactured

on or after January 26, 1998 (see exceptions in Sec. 393.86(a)(1)).

Missing guard.
 Guard is not securely attached to trailer.

including broken or missing fasteners, any welds or parent metal cracked, or other damage

3. Guard horizontal member does not extend

4. Guard horizontal member is more than 560

mm (22 inches) above the ground. 5. Guard horizontal member is more than 305

6. Guard horizontal member does not have

a cross sectional vertical height of at least 100 mm (4 inches) across its entire width.

after December 31, 1952 (except trailers and semitrailers manufactured on or after January

26, 1998) (see exceptions in Sec. 393.86(b)(1) and Sec. 393.86(b)(3)).

2. Guard is not securely attached to trailer by

3. Guard horizontal member is more than 762

4. Guard horizontal member does not extend

extremity of the vehicle. 5. Guard horizontal member is more than 610

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mm (24 inches) forward of the rear extremity

bolts, welding, or other comparable means

mm (30 inches) above the ground.

b. Commercial motor vehicles manufactured

mm (12 inches) forward of the rear extremity

to within 100 mm (4 inches) of each, or extends

that compromises secure attachment of the

beyond either, side extremity of the vehicle

§393.60 for exceptions). 13. Windshield Wipers. Any power unit

damaged parts that render it ineffective. 14. Motorcoach Seats

than 3 inches to any other such dan

includes a tire that contacts its mate.)

specifically designated by motor carrier.

improperly seated, sprung or mismatched

has elongated bolt holes. c. Fasteners (both spoke and disc whee

rwise ineffective fasteners.

11. Wheels and Rims.

ring(s)

othe

disc

d. Welds.

the steering axle

b. [Reserved]

guard.

vehicle

1. Missing guard.

rough the tread or sidewall. (4) Has any tread or sidewall separation

molded in rubber stems

rim and touches stem.

exception in §393.75(e).

r felt) leak

air pressure

heard or felt) leak.

contact with any part of the vehicle. b. All tires other than those found on the steering axie of a power unit: (1) Weight carried exceeds tire load limit. This includes overloaded tire resulting from low

axle

A vehicle does not pass an inspection if it has one of the following defects or deficiencies: 1. Brake System.

a. Service brakes .- (1) Absence of braking action on any axle required to have brakes tion of the service brakes (such as missing brakes or brake shoe(s) failing to move upon application of a wedge, S-cam, cam, or 1 disc brake).

(2) Missing or broken mechanical components including: shoes, lining, pads springs, anchor pins, spiders, cam rollers, push?

and air chamber mounting bolts. (3) Loose brake components including air

chambers, spiders, and cam shaft support brackets. (4) Audible air leak at brake chamber

(Example-ruptured diaphragm, loose chamber clamp, etc.) (5) Readjustment limits. (a) The maximum

pushrod stroke must not be greater than the values given in the tables below and at §393.47(e). Any brake stroke exceeding the eadjustment limit will be rejected. Stroke must be measured with engine off and reservoir pressure of 80 to 90 psi with brakes fully applied.

CLAMP-T	YPE	BRAKE CH	AMBERS
		Brake	Brake

Туре	Outside diameter	readjustment limit: standard stroke chamber	readjustment limit: long stroke chamber
6	4½ in. (114 mm)	1¼ in. (31.8 mm).	and the
9	5¼ in. (133 mm)	1% in. (34.9 mm).	1
	511/10 in. (145 mm)		1% in. (44.5 mm).
16	6% in. (162 mm)	1% in. (44:5 mm)	2 in. (50.8 mm).
20	623/32 in. (172 mm)	1¾ in. (44.5 mm)	2 in. (50.8 mm).
	130 825	0500 1	2½ in. (63.5 mm).
24	71/2 in. (184 mm)	1% in: (44.5 mm)	2 in. (50.8 mm).

. 8½ in. (206 mm) 2 in. (50.8 mm)... 2½ in. (63.5 mm). 9 in. (229 mm).... 2½ in. (63.5 mm). ith a 3-inch (76 mm) rated st

	BENDIX DD-3 BRA	
Туре	Outside diameter	Brake readjustment limit
30	8% in. (206 mm)	2¼ in. (57.2 mm).
	BOLT-TYPE BRAK	E CHAMBERS
Туре	Outside diameter	Brake, readjustment limit
A B C D E	6 ¹⁴ / ₁₆ in. (176 mm) 9%s in. (234 mm) 8%s in. (205 mm) 5% in. (133 mm) 6%s in. (157 mm)	1% in. (34.9 mm) 1% in. (44.5 mm) 1% in. (44.5 mm) 1% in. (31.8 mm) 1% in. (34.9 mm).
F	11 in. (279 mm)	2¼ in. (57.2 mm).

... 9% in. (251 mm) 2 in. (50.8 mm). G. ROTOCHAMBER-TYPE BRAKE CHAMBERS

Туре	Outside diameter	readjustment limi
	41/2 in. (109 mm)	
	41% in. (122 mm)	
	51% in. (138 mm)	
	51% in. (151 mm)	
	613/2 in. (163 mm)	
30	71/16 in. (180 mm)	2¼ in. (57.2 mm).
36	7% in. (194 mm)	2% in. (69.9 mm).
50	8% in. (226 mm)	3 in. (76.2 mm).

(b) For actuator types not listed in these tables, the pushrod stroke must not be greater than 80 percent of the rated stroke marked on the actuator by the actuator manufacturer, or greater than the readjustment limit marked on the actuator by the actuator manufacturer (6) Brake linings or pads

(a) Lining or pad is not firmly attached to the shoe

(b) Saturated with oil, grease, or brake fluid: or

 (c) Non-steering axles: Lining with a thickness less than ¹/4 inch at the shoe center for air drum brakes, ¹/16 inch or less at the shoe center for hydraulic and electric drum brakes, and less than ¹/8 inch for air disc brakes. (d) Steering axles: Lining with a thickness less than 1/4 inch at the shoe center for drum. brakes, less than 1/8 inch for air disc brakes and 1/16 inch or less for hydraulic disc and

electric brakes. (7) Missing brake on any axle required to have brakes

(8) Mismatch across any power unit steering axle of:

- (a) Air chamber sizes.
- (b) Slack adjuster length. Wedge Brake Data.-Movement of the scribe

mark on the lining shall not exceed 1/16 inch. b. Parking Brake System. No brakes on the vehicle or combination are applied upon actuation of the parking brake control, including driveline hand controlled parking brakes.

c. Brake Drums or Rotors. (1) With any external crack or cracks that open upon brake application (do not confuse short hairline heat check cracks with flexural

cracks). (2) Any portion of the drum or rotor missing

or in danger of falling away. d. Brake Hose.

(1) Hose with any damage extending through the outer reinforcement ply. (Rubber impregnated fabric cover is not a reinforcement ply). (Thermoplastic nylon may have braid reinforcement or color difference between cover and inner tube. Exposure of second color is (2) Builge or ameli

applied. (3) Any audible leaks

(4) Two hoses improperly joined (such as a splice made by sliding the hose ends over a piece of tubing and clamping the hose to

the tube) (5) Air hose cracked, broken or crimped. e. Brake Tubing. (1) Any audible leak.

(2) Tubing cracked, damaged by heat, broken or crimped.

f. Low Pressure Warning Device missing, inoperative, or does not operate at 55 psi and below, or 1/2 the governor cut-out pressure, whichever is less.

g. Tractor Protection Valve. Inoperable or missing tractor protection valve(s) on power unit

h. Air Compressor.

- Compressor drive belts in condition impending or probable failure,
 (2) Loose compressor mounting bolts.
 (3) Cracked, broken or loose pulley.
- (4) Cracked or broken mounting brackets.
- braces or adapters i. Electric Brakes
- (1) Absence of braking action on any wheel required to have brakes. (2) Missing or inoperable breakaway braking
- i. Hydraulic Brakes. (Including Power Assis Over Hydraulic and Engine Drive Hydraulic
- Booster) (1) Master cylinder less than 1/4 full. (2) No pedal reserve with engine running
- except by pumping pedal. (3) Power assist unit fails to operate
- (4) Seeping or swelling brake hose(s) under application of pressure.
- (5) Missing or inoperative check valve.(6) Has any visually observed leaking
- hydraulic fluid in the brake system.
- (7) Has hydraulic hose(s) abraded (chafed) through outer cover-to-fabric layer.
- (8) Fluid lines or connections leaking restricted, crimped, cracked or broken
- (9) Brake failure or low fluid warning light on
- and/or inoperative. k. Vacuum Systems. Any vacuum system
- (1) Has insufficient vacuum reserve to permit
- one full brake application after engine is shut off. (2) Has vacuum hose(s) or line(s) restricted,
- abraded (chafed) through outer cover to cord ply, crimped, cracked, broken or has collapse of uum hose(s) when vacuum is applied.
- (3) Lacks an operative low-vacuum warning device as required.
- I. Antilock Brake System 123 (1) Missing ABS malfunction indicator
- components (i.e., bulb, witting, etc.). (2) ABS malfunction indicator that does not illuminate when power is first applied to the ABS controller (ECU) during initial power up. (3) ABS malfunction indicator that stays illuminated while power is continuously applied
- to the ABS controller (ECU). (4) ABS malfunction indicator lamp on a trailer or dolly does not cycle when electrical power is applied (a) only to the vehicle's constant ABS power circuit, or (b) only to the
- vehicle's stop lamp circuit. (5) With its brakes released and its ignition switch in the normal run position, power unit does not provide continuous electrical power to the ABS on any air-braked vehicle it is equipped
- (6) Other missing or inoperative ABS
- components. m. Automatic Brake Adjusters (1) Failure to maintain a brake within the
- brake stroke limit specified by the vehicle manufacturer.
- (2) Any automatic brake adjuster that has en replaced with a manual adjuster. (3) Damaged, loose, or missing components
- (4) Any brake that is found to be out of adjustment on initial inspection must be evaluated to determine why the automatic brake adjuster is not functioning properly and the problem must be corrected in order for the vehicle to pass the inspection. It is not acceptable to manually adjust automatic brake adjusters without first correcting the underlying
- problem. For example, there may be other components within the braking system that are distressed or out of specification (i.e., broken welds, loose mounting hardware, cracked brake drums, worn bushings, etc.) that would require
- immediate attention.
- 2. Coupling devices. Fifth Whoels
- (1) Mounting to frame.
- (a) Any fasteners missing or ineffective. (b) Any movement between mounting
- moonents (c) Any mounting angle iron cracked or
- Power units manufactured after March 1.
- 2001, have two ABS malfunction indicators, one for the power unit and one for the units that they tow. Both malfunction indicators are required to be fully functional.
- ² Air-braked vehicles: Subsections (1)-(6) of this section are applicable to tractors with air brakes built on or after March 1, 1997, and all other vehicles with air brakes built on or after March 1, 1998.

³ Hydraulic-braked vehicles: Subsections (1)-(3) of this section are applicable to vehicles er 10,000 lbs. GVWR with hydraulic brakes built on or after September 1, 1999. Subsection (6) of this section is applicable to vehicles over 10,000 lbs. with hydraulic brakes built on or after March 1, 1999.

- (2) Mounting plates and pivot brackets. (a) Any fasteners missing or ineffective. (b) Any welds or parent metal cracked. (c) More then 3/8 inch horizontal movement between pivot bracket pin and bracket. (d) Pivot bracket pin missing or not secured. (3) Sliders. (a) Any latching fasteners missing or ineffective (b) Any fore or aft stop missing or not securely attached. (c) Movement more than 3/8 inch between slider bracket and slider base. (d) Any slider component cracked in parent metal or weld. (4) Lower coupler. (a) Horizontal movement between the upper and lower-fifth wheel halves exceeds 1/2 inch. (b) Operating-handle not in closed or locked nosition (c) Kingpin not properly engaged (d) Separation between upper and lower coupler allowing light to show through from side to side side to side. (e) Cracks in the fifth wheel plate. Exceptions: Cracks in fifth wheel approach ramps and casting shrinkage cracks in the ribs of the body of a cast fifth wheel. (f) Locking mechanism parts missing, broken, or deformed to the extent the kingpin is not securely held. b. Pintle Hooks (1) Mounting to frame. (a) Any missing or ineffective fasteners (a fastener is not considered missing if there is an
- empty hole in the device but no corresponding hole in the frame or vice versa). (b) Mounting surface cracks extending from point of attachment (e.g., cracks in the frame at mounting bolt holes). (c) Loose mounting. (d) Frame cross member providing pintle hook attachment cracked. (2) Integrity (a) Cracks anywhere in pintle hook assembly. (b) Any welded repairs to the pintle hook.(c) Any part of the horn section reduced by re than 20%
- (d) Latch insecure. c. Drawbar/Towbar Eve.
- (1) Mounting, 112912 (d) (a) Any cracks in attachment welds.
- (b) Any missing or ineffective fasteners
- (2) Integrity.
- (a) Any cracks.
- (b) Any part of the eye reduced by more than 20%.
- d. Drawbar/Towbar Tonque
- (1) Slider (power or manual).
- (a) Ineffective latching mechanism.
- (b) Missing or ineffective stop.
 (c) Movement of more than ¹/₄ inch between
- slider and housing. (d) Any leaking, air or hydraulic cylinders,
- hoses, or chambers (other than slight oil
- weeping normal with hydraulic seals)
- (2) Integrity.
- (a) Any cracks.
 (b) Movement of ¹/₄ inch between subframe
- and drawbar at point of attachment. e. Safety Devices.
- (1) Safety devices missing
- (2) Unattached or incapable of secure
- attachment.

(4) Cable

bearing member.

the t

point

movement).

(3) Chains and hooks

Saddle-Mounts

(d) Horizontal mover

3. Exhaust System.

4. Fuel System.

he driver/sleeper compartme

(1) Method of attachment.

- (a) Worn to the extent of a measurable reduction in link cross section

(a) Any missing or ineffective fasteners

lower saddle-mount halves exceeds 1/4 inch.

a. Any exhaust system determined to be

leaking at a point forward of or directly below

discharging to the atmosphere: (1) Gasoline powered excess of 6 inches

(2) Other than gasoline powered-in exce

(3) Other than gasoline powered-forward

of 15 inches forward of the rearmost part of

of a door or window designed to be opened. (exception: Emergency exits).

c. No part of the exhaust system of any

motor vehicle shall be so located as would be

motor vehicle snah be so located as would be likely to result in burning, charring, or damaging the electrical wiring, the fuel supply, or any combustible part of the motor vehicle.

a. A fuel system with a visible leak at any

motor vehicle by reason of loose, broken or

5. Lighting Devices. All lighting devices

missing mounting bolts or brackets (some fuel tanks use springs or rubber bushings to permit

b. A fuel tank filler cap missing.

b. A bus exhaust system leaking or

forward of the rearmost part of the bus.

(b) Loose mountings.(c) Any cracks or breaks in a stress or load

ment between upper and

(b) Improper repairs including welding, wire, small bolts, rope and tape. (a) Kinked or broken cable strands. (b) Improper clamps or clamping.